## MY PERSONAL CPD FILE



## **Continuing professional development activity**

SAJCN CPD activity No 151 - 2020

## **ACTIVITY 151**

You can obtain 3 CEUs for reading the article: "A REVIEW OF COMPLEMENTARY FEEDING PRACTICES IN SOUTH AFRICA" and answering the accompanying questions.

This article has been accredited for CEUs. Ref number: DT/A01/P00008/2020/00004

- A South African assessment that attributed 117 lives saved to appropriate complementary feeding, assumed that complementary feeding education and provision of supplementation was:
- a. scaled up from 10% to 20%
- b. scaled up from 5% to 10%
- c. scaled up from 5% to 15%
- 2. The national surveys included in this review were:
- a. The 2016 SADHS and the 2012 SANHANES
- b. The 2014 SADHS and the 2016 SANHANES
- c. The 2014 SADHS and the 2016 SANHANES
- The following dietary intake methodology was not used in the sources of this
  review:
- a. 24-hour-recall
- b. 7-day-recall
- c. 3-day-recall
- 4. The highest reported incidence of exclusive breastfeeding in a national study was:
- a. 75%
- b. 32%
- c. 16%
- 5. The most popular type of complementary food was:
- a. Cereal-based foods
- b. Commercial baby food
- c. Cooked vegetables
- 6. The following food was not identified as a food of concern in infants:
- a. Processed cheese
- b. Processed meats
- c. Sweets
- 7. The highest reported rate on the initiation of breastfeeding was:
- a. 75%
- b. 83%
- c. 100%
- 8. In 2011, the following was a landmark action to support infant feeding in South
- a. Tshwane declaration of support for breastfeeding by the Minister of Health
- b. Regulations relating to Foodstuffs for Infants and Young Children
- c. Maternal, New-born, Child and Women's health and Nutrition strategy

- Which intervention was singled out in the evaluation report of the 2014 Department of Health, Department of Social Development and Department of Performance Monitoring and Evaluation as not getting priority:
- a. Complementary feeding
- b. Exclusive breastfeeding
- c. Dietary diversity
- 10. What could have attributed to the increased number of studies on infant and young child feeding in Kwa-Zulu Natal?
- a. The high number of researchers in the province
- b. The roll-out of ARVs
- c. The increased funding for research
- 11. Which of the following was not a reason for starting infants on solid foods?
- a. Breastmilk was not enough
- b. The father bought formula milk
- c. The infant was crying a lot
- 12. When it comes to home-made versus commercial food use, which statement best describes what caregivers think:
- a. The majority of caregivers said that special baby foods are better than ordinary foods
- b. Less than 40% of caregivers said that special baby foods are better than ordinary foods
- c. All caregivers said that special baby foods are better than ordinary foods
- 13. Which of the following statements is TRUE?
- a. Dietary diversity is improving in many older infants and young children
- b. The use of animal source foods appears to be low
- The diets of many older infants and young children meet the criteria for a minimally acceptable diet
- 14. Which of the following statements is FALSE?
- a. Some studies have shown that infants are given sorghum beer
- b. There is little information on meal frequency in infants
- c. Over 20 studies found that water was commonly given to infants
- 15. One of the actions that needs consideration to improve complementary feeding practices is:
- a. Education of fathers
- b. Targeted food supplementation
- c. Partnerships with other stakeholders

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